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task is different, and potentially more challenging, when the child is learning a polysynthetic language - a language in which words are highly morphologically complex,...(PDF) The Acquisition of Polysynthetic LanguagesWriters choose words and language features deliberately - to have an effect on their readers. The way they structure parts of a text, eg openings and endings, influences the reader too.Structure - Language and structure - AQA - GCSE English ...Language and structure. Language (words, imagery, dialogue) and structure (how a text is put together) are the methods used by authors to create effective characters, stories and themes.Literary devices - Language and structure - GCSE English ...Polysynthetic languages typically have long "sentence-words" such as the Yupik word tuntussuqatarniksaitengqiggtuq which means "He had not yet said again that he was going to hunt reindeer." The word consists of the morphemes tuntu-ssur-qatar-ni-ksaite-ngqiggte-uq with the meanings, reindeer-hunt-future-say-negation-again-third. person. singular. indicative; and except for the morpheme tuntu "reindeer", none of the other mor-

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A synthetic language may use morphological agglutination combined with partial usage of fusional features, for example in its case system (e.g., German, Dutch, and Persian). Agglutinative languages tend to have a high rate of affixes or morphemes per word, and to be very regular, in particular with very few irregular verbs.

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